# DYNAGEAR SPRAY

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### DYNAGEAR SPRAY

EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A

DATE ISSUED: 03/22/99 SUPERSEDES DATE: 02/17/99

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A. P.O. BOX 2180 HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180

#### A. IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME DYNAGEAR SPRAY PRODUCT CODE 415128 - 05128

PRODUCT CATEGORY
Petroleum Lubricating Grease - Aerosol

PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR Brownish black spray Petroleum solvent odor

MEDICAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: (713) 656-3424

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

(BAYTOWN) (281) 834-3296

(CHEMTREC) 1-800-424-9300

FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CALL: 1-800-443-9966

FOR A FAXED COPY OF AN MSDS DIAL: 1-800-298-4007

FOR AN MSDS OR ASSISTANCE WITH AN MSDS, DIRECT INQUIRIES TO THE ADDRESS BELOW OR CALL:

MARKETING TECHNICAL SERVICES
EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

ROOM 2344
P. O. BOX 2180
HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180
(713) 656-5949

# B. COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION

COMPONENTS	CAS NO. OF COMPONENTS	APPROXIMATE CONCENTRATION	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Approximately 15-40%	
Propane, 2-methy1-	75-28-5	Approximately 1-5%	
Propane	74-98-6	Approximately 7-13%	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	Approximately 24-44%	
and	and		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7		USEPA
and	and		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6		
and	and		127455

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### DYNAGEAR SPRAY

Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, monolithium salt

7620-77-1

Molybdenum disulfide

1317-33-5

Approximately 1-2%

Proprietary additives

Mixture

Approximately 17-31%

This product, as manufactured by Exxon, does not contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's).

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

See Section E for Health and Hazard Information.

See Section H for additional Environmental Information.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS)

Health Flammability Reactivity
2 3 0

BASIS

Recommended by Exxon

EXPOSURE LIMIT FOR TOTAL PRODUCT 5 mg/m3 for oil mist (aerosol) for an 8-hour workday

BASIS

OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.1000 and recommended by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). ACGIH states that the air is to be sampled by a method that does not collect vapor; in addition, it lists a

10 mg/m3 STEL.

300 ppm (Isoparaffinic hydrocarbons)

for an 8-hour workday

Recommended by Exxon

1000 ppm (Propane) TWA

Recommended by Exxon

800 ppm (Isobutane) for a 10-hour workday

Recommended by NIOSH

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# C. PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY

AND EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

## EYE CONTACT

If lubricant gets into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, call a physician.

## SKTN

In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. Launder or dry-clean clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

## INHALATION

If overcome by vapor, aerosol or mist, immediately remove from exposure and call a physician. If breathing is irregular or has stopped, start resuscitation; administer oxygen, if available. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from further exposure until excessive oil mist condition subsides.

## INGESTION

If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately.

# D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE

FLASH POINT (MINIMUM)
FLAMMABLE - Per DOT 49 CFR 173.120 65 Deg C (149 Deg F)

Not available

Aerosol Flame Projection Greater than 45 cm

flash Back - Yes

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION Health Flammability Reactivity BASIS

3

Recommended by Exxon

## HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Use product with caution around heat, sparks, pilot lights, static electricity, and open flame.

FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCENT BY VOLUME IN AIR) Estimated values: Not available

# EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Foam, water spray (fog), dry chemical, carbon dioxide and vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents may all be suitable for extinguishing fires involving this type of product, depending on size or potential size of fire and circumstances related to the situation. Plan fire protection and response strategy through consultation with local fire protection authorities or appropriate specialists.

The following procedures for this type of product are based on the recommendations in the National Fire Protection Association's "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials", Tenth Edition (1991):

Use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish the fire. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to provide protection for persons attempting to stop a leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Minimize breathing of gases, vapor, fumes or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as otherwise needed.

## DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS

Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, phosphorus oxides, metal oxides, aldehydes and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion.

# "EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNING

"Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION: THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

DO NOT PUNCTURE OR INCINERATE CONTAINERS, EVEN WHEN EMPTY.

Do not attempt to refill or clean containers since residue is difficult to remove. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

For work on tanks refer to Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

Keep away from heat, sparks, flames, static electricity or other sources of ignition. Do not reuse containers for any purpose whatsoever. Dispose of "empty" containers in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

# E. HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION

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### VARIABILITY AMONG INDIVIDUALS

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons and synthetic lubricants pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE (Signs and symptoms of exposure)
High vapor concentrations (greater than approximately 1000 ppm) are irritating
to the eyes and the respiratory tract, and may cause headaches, dizziness,
anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system
effects, including death.

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite (cold burn).

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause skin irritation.

# NATURE OF HAZARD AND TOXICITY INFORMATION

Repeated and prolonged overexposure to oil mists may result in droplet deposition, oil granuloma formation, inflammation and increased incidence of infection.

In accordance with the current OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, this product does not require a cancer hazard warning. This is because the product is formulated from base stocks which are severely hydrotreated, severely solvent extracted, and/or processed by mild hydrotreatment and extraction. Alternatively, it may consist of components not otherwise affected by IARC criteria, such as atmospheric distillates or synthetically derived materials, and as such is not characterized by current IARC classification criteria.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product tends to remove skin oils, possibly leading to irritation and dermatitis; however, based on human experience and available toxicological data, this product is judged to be neither a "corrosive" nor an "irritant" by OSHA criteria.

Product contacting the eyes will cause eye irritation.

This product is judged to have an acute oral LD50 (rat) greater than 5 g/kg of body weight, and an acute dermal LD50 (rabbit) greater than 3.16 g/kg of body weight.

Inhalation may cause dizziness, headache, nausea, confusion and other central nervous system effects.

PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE Petroleum Solvents/Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis.

Cardiovascular disease, lung disease, neurological disease.

## F. PHYSICAL DATA

The following data are approximate or typical values and should not be used for precise design purposes.

BOILING RANGE Not available VAPOR PRESSURE 55-65 psig @ 20 Deg C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (15.6~C/15.6~C) 0.83~0.87

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1) Greater than 1

MOLECULAR WEIGHT

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME

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Use local exhaust to capture vapor, mists or fumes, if necessary. Provide ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. No smoking, or use of flame or other ignition sources.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed spaces, if needed.

# PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

# EYE PROTECTION

Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

### OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

### WORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS

To prevent fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system in accordance with (THE) National Fire Protection Association PUBLICATIONS.

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame or strong oxidants.

In order to prevent fire or explosion hazards, use appropriate equipment.

Information on electrical equipment appropriate for use with this product may be found in the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (NFPA-70). This document is available from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269.

## PERSONAL HYGIENE

Minimize breathing vapor, mist or fumes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before re-use. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before re-use; discard if oil-soaked. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.

# J. TRANSPORTATION AND OSHA RELATED LABEL INFORMATION

## TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT INFORMATION

For further information relative to spills resulting from transportation incidents, refer to latest Department of Transportation Emergency Response Guidebook for Hazardous Materials Incidents.

U.S. DOT HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SHIPPING DESCRIPTION Aerosol, Class 2.1, UN 1950

# OSHA REQUIRED LABEL INFORMATION

In compliance with hazard and right-to-know requirements, where applicable OSHA Hazard Warnings may be found on the label, bill of lading or invoice accompanying this shipment.

DANGER!

# FLAMMABLE

# EYE IRRITANT

VAPOR HARMFUL, LIQUID HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

### CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Note: Product label may contain non-OSHA related information also.

The health and safety information presented herein must be used in conjunction with the pertinent standards for training, work practices and facilities design established by OSHA, NIOSH, NFPA, API, NEC, NSC, UNDERWRITERS, BUREAU OF MINES, and similar organizations.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Exxon's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Exxon does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Exxon shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. If buyer repackages this product, legal counsel should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

The Environmental Information included under Section H hereof as well as the Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings have been included by Exxon Company, U.S.A. in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with Exxon's interpretation of the available data.

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# DYNAGEAR SPRAY

Not determined

Up to 58%

pH Essentially neutral

EVAPORATION RATE @ 1 ATM. AND 25~C (77~F) (n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1)
Less than 1

POUR, CONGEALING OR MELTING POINT Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER @ 1 ATM. AND 25-C (77-F) Not available

VISCOSITY Not available

### G. REACTIVITY

This product is stable and will not react violently with water. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite, calcium hypochlorite, etc., as this presents a serious explosion hazard.

### H. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

CLEAN WATER ACT / OIL POLLUTION ACT

This product may be classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act, and under the Oil Pollution Act. Discharges or spills into or leading to surface waters that cause a sheen must be reported to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802).

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Recover free product. Add sand, earth, or other suitable absorbent to spill area. Minimize skin contact. Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers, watercourses, or extensive land areas.

Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MAY BE USEFUL IN COMPLYING WITH VARIOUS STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES:

THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY (TPQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 355 (SARA Sections 301-304)

No TPQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 372 (SARA Section 313) This product contains approximately 1.0% zinc compounds.

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 370 (SARA Sections 311-312) EPA Hazard Classification Codes: Acute, Fire

TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT

This product contains the following TSCA 12b reportable chemical substance(s): Isopropanol (IPA) CAS # 67-63-0

# I. PROTECTION AND PRECAUTIONS

VENTILATION